Grammar terminology checklist

Grammar	Definition	Example
Verbs	A verb describes how you are doing something	Today, everyone jogged around the playground.
Adverbs	An adverb describes how an action is been done.	Today, everyone jogged slowly around the playground.
Adjectives	An adjective is used to describe a noun	Everyone, stared at the beautiful, coloured rainbow happily.
Nouns	A noun is a person, place or object	Any name – Sam, Ben, Emily Any object – table, pencil, computer Any place, United Kingdom, School
Pronouns	Gary ate his supper when he got home. He enjoyed the food. noun pronoun alternate noun	Some examples include: He, I, they, she
Prepositions	A preposition tells you the position of something.	Under, over, behind, next to, beneath, behind, on top, in between, around. Sentence – The river is situated under the bridge.
Similes	A smile makes a comparison between 2 things usings the words 'as' or 'like'.	The sun is like a bright, round marble in the sky. The weather felt as cold as ice.
Subordinating conjunctions	A conjunction links 2 or more words or phrases together. In school we remember subordinating conjunctions by remembering the saying. I SAW A WABUB	If , Since, As, When, Although, Before, Until, Because Sentence – Excited pupils raced into school when the bell rang.

Coordinating conjunctions	A conjunction links 2 or more words or phrases together. In school we remember subordinating conjunctions by remembering the saying. FANBOYS	For, And, Or, But, Yet, So Sentence – Today, everyone worked super hard and tried their best.
Expanded noun phrases	An expanded noun phrase is 2 adjectives that describe a noun with some extra information. That and with are often used to extend the sentence.	Today, the bright, colourful rainbow that shone brightly was amazing. Suddenly, a bright, red racing car with stripes on its roof was driving quickly along the road.