

Year group: 3

Date:

	Challenge 1	Challenge 2	Challenge 3
English	<p>Read the information on 'The Bear who came to babysit' and answer the questions carefully.</p> <p>Remember the strategies taught in class such as to skim and scan through the information</p>	<p>Read the information on 'Wimbledon' and answer the questions carefully.</p> <p>Remember the strategies taught in class such as to skim and scan through the information</p>	<p>Read the information on 'Wimbledon' and answer the questions carefully.</p> <p>Remember the strategies taught in class such as to skim and scan through the information</p>
Maths	<p>A) Can you use sharing to divide the calculations below.</p> <p>B) https://mathsframe.co.uk/en/resources/resource/318/Tommys-Trek-Times-Tables</p>	<p>A) Can you use your number line and chunking to work out the division calculations.</p> <p>B) https://mathsframe.co.uk/en/resources/resource/318/Tommys-Trek-Times-Tables</p>	<p>A) Can you use a number line, and chunking to work out the division calculations. Be careful, there may be some sneaky remainders.</p> <p>B) https://mathsframe.co.uk/en/resources/resource/318/Tommys-Trek-Times-Tables</p>
Reading/ Spellings	<p>Use the spelling grid to practice these common exception words.</p>	<p>Use the spelling grid to practice these common exception words.</p>	<p>Use the spelling grid to practice these common exception words.</p>
	<p>Don't worry if you have finished your home links book. Why not have a look at the e books that have been added to this week's folder and get stuck into one of those.</p>		
Other	<p>RE- Let's look at the Jewish festival of Passover. Can you think of any special times, what happened, how you were feeling and any specific food you may have eaten?</p>		

Challenge 1 spellings and grammar

Year 2 Summer Term 1

1

Draw two lines to name the types of sentences.



a

What lovely little lambs skipping about!

question

Do you like them?

exclamation

Circle the correct homophone for each picture.

b



son / sun



son / sun

Underline the adjectives in this sentence.

c

The carrots were hard and crunchy.



Change this word into a noun by adding the suffix **-er** or **-ness**.

d

hike

Remember, you may need to make changes.

Oops, Mr Whoops has made a punctuation mistake. Help him by correcting his comma.

e

Esme Mei and, Zeba travelled on the train on Thursday.



Extend this sentence using the conjunction 'but'.

f

The steak was on the floor...



Challenge 2 spellings and grammar

Year 3 Summer Term 1

a Complete the table by turning these adjectives into adverbs. The first one has been done for you.

Adjective	Adverb
happy	happily
gentle	
true	
frantic	

b Can you write a definition for each of these homophone words? Use a dictionary to help.

peace _____

piece _____

c Add two different subordinating conjunctions to these sentences:

Remember ISAWAWABUB

Dolphins breath oxygen _____ they are mammals.

Many people believe they are fish _____ they live in water.

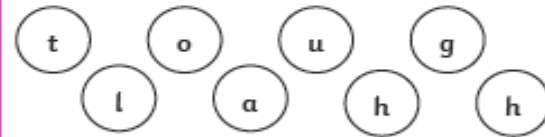
d Can you invent a direct speech sentence that Ben (the boy in this picture) might be saying?



e Fill in the missing word - 'a' or 'an' - in this sentence.

Cerise went to the shop and she bought _____ dozen eggs, _____ bag of flour and _____ Easter card.

f Mr Whoops has been juggling with the letters from one of his Y3 spelling words. Can you spot what it is? One has been done for you.



a _____



Challenge 3 spellings and grammar

Year 3 Summer Term 1

a Complete the table by turning these adjectives into adverbs. The first one has been done for you.

Adjective	Adverb
happy	happily
gentle	
true	
frantic	

Now use two of the adverbs in one sentence with a subordinating conjunction.

b Can you write a definition for each of these homophone words? Use a dictionary to help.

peace _____

piece _____

Now, think of two more homophone words and write definitions for them on the back of your mat.

c Add two different subordinating conjunctions to these sentences:


Remember ISAWAWABUB

Dolphins breath oxygen _____ they are mammals.

Many people believe they are fish _____ they live in water.

Now, write another sentence about dolphins containing a different subordinating conjunction.

d Can you invent some dialogue between Ben and Olivia (the boy and girl in this picture)?




e Fill in the missing word - 'a' or 'an' - in this sentence.

Cerise went to the shop and she bought _____ dozen eggs, _____ bag of flour, _____ ice cream and _____ Easter card.

f Mr Whoops has been juggling with the letters from one of his Y3 spelling words. Can you spot what it is?

t o u g
l a h h



Challenge 1 English – Read the text and answer the questions

The Bear Who Came to Babysit

Arno and Bibi were helping Mum and Mike to pack for their honeymoon. Mum checked her list. "Clothes, toothbrush, tickets... We just need the babysitter to arrive," she said.

"We've found you the perfect one," said Mike with a wink. "You're going to have a great time! You'll bear-ly notice we're gone."



But little did the children know, the babysitter was... a great, big BEAR! "Be on your best behaviour," said Mum. "We'll be back in a few days!"

"GRRR!" growled the bear.

The children stood speechless, staring at their new babysitter. Arno turned to his sister. "Is this really happening?" he asked.

"Whoever heard of a bear babysitter?" shrugged Bibi.

"GRRR!" growled the bear.



The Bear Who Came to Babysit



That night, the bear ran a bath. "Don't forget the bubbles!" said Bibi, handing the bear the bottle. The bear squeezed it very hard!

"This is fun!" giggled the children.

"GRRR!" growled the bear.

The next morning, Bibi and Arno sat down at the table. "I wonder what's for breakfast," said Arno. The bear gave them each some extremely sticky honey.

"This is delicious!" chuckled the children.

"GRRR!" growled the bear.



After breakfast, it was time to go to school. Arno and Bibi hopped into the car and buckled their seatbelts as the bear squeezed into the driver's seat. Screech! went the brakes.

"Wheeeeeee!" said the children.

"GRRR!" growled the bear.

That night, the bear tucked the children into bed. They snuggled up to listen to a bedtime story. "Goodnight," whispered Arno.

"Goodnight," whispered Bibi.

"GRRR!" growled the bear.



Challenge 1 English continued (page 3 of 5)

The Bear Who Came to Babysit



The next day was Saturday so the children slept late. Meanwhile, the bear did some laundry then hung it on the line. "Good morning!" called the neighbour.

"GRRR!" growled the bear.

When the children finally woke up, the bear was busy washing the dishes. "Good morning, Bear!" shouted Bibi as they both raced downstairs. "How did you slee--"

"Yuck!" said the children. This was not how Mum and Mike usually did the dishes. In fact, the bear hadn't done anything the way that Mum and Mike usually did. "They won't let you babysit again if they see all this mess!" cried Arno.

"GRRR!" growled the bear.



They rushed to gather the clothes from the line and placed them in the washing machine. They whizzed around the kitchen until the dishes were spotless and the sticky breakfast mess was all cleaned up.



Challenge 1 English continued (page 4 of 5)

The Bear Who Came to Babysit

They sped through the upstairs rooms, mopping up the bathroom and tidying the bedroom. Arno hastily patched up the curtains while Bibi and the bear hurriedly painted the car... finishing just as Mum and Mike arrived home!



"Well, you both look happy!" said Mike.

"And the house looks very tidy!" said Mum. "Have you all had fun?"

"YES!" shouted the children.

GRRR!" growled the bear.

After the bear had gone, Mum asked the children, "Would you like your new friend to babysit again one day?"

"GRRR!" growled the children.



Questions

1. What is special about the babysitter? Tick one.

- The babysitter is a bear.
- The babysitter is a clown.
- The babysitter is a baby.

2. What happens when the bear squeezes the bubble bath? Tick one.

- There are bubbles everywhere.
- The bear spills it on the floor.
- Bibi slips over.

3. What has happened to the car when the bear takes Arno and Bibi to school?

4. Draw a line to match up the boxes to complete the sentences.

"We've found you"	up the curtains.
Arno hastily patched	growled the bear.
"GRRR!"	the perfect one."

5. Complete this sentence.

"Well, you both look _____!"

sad

tired

happy

The Wimbledon Championships

Wimbledon is the world's oldest tennis tournament and is also thought to be the most prestigious. Since 1877 it has been held at the All England Club in Wimbledon, London. It is one of the four Grand Slam tennis tournaments (majors), the others being the French Open, the Australian Open and the US Open. Wimbledon is the only major still played on traditional grass, the game's original surface, which gave the game its original name of 'lawn tennis'.



Events

The five main events are the gentlemen's singles, ladies' singles, gentlemen's doubles, ladies' doubles and mixed doubles.

There are also four junior events and invitation events where some former professionals return to compete. In addition to this, there are wheelchair singles and doubles matches.

Tickets

The majority of centre court tickets are made available by a public ballot where applicants are selected at random by a computer. Fans without tickets can queue up overnight to get seats on match day.

Schedule

In 2017, the championships began and ended in July, making the gap between the tournament and the French Open a little longer. Usually, there is no play on the 'Middle Sunday', however bad weather has sometimes meant that matches are played on this day.

The Courts

The main court, Centre Court, was opened in 1922. In 2009, a moving roof was added to this court which can be automatically closed.

The main courts, Centre Court and No. 1 Court, are normally only used for two weeks every year during the championships. The other 17 courts are used for other events hosted by the club.

The Wimbledon Championships



Serena Williams, and her sister Venus, have won Wimbledon several times. They have even competed against each other in the singles final.

Trophies and Prize Money

The gentlemen's singles champion receives a silver gilt cup and the women's singles champion wins a sterling silver salver which is decorated with figures from mythology. The prize money for the winners of the singles titles runs into the millions!

A Few Famous Champions

Roger Federer won Wimbledon five times in a row between 2003 and 2007, a period where he totally dominated grass court tennis.

In 2013, Sir Andy Murray won the men's singles title. He was the first British singles winner since 1977 and the first male winner since 1936!

Did You Know?

- Tennis players' clothing must be all-white, or at least almost all-white.
- Players must bow or curtsy if HRH The Prince of Wales or Her Majesty the Queen is present in the Royal Box at Centre Court.
- An average of 86,000 ice creams are sold during the championships and 28,000kg of strawberries are consumed.



Wimbledon

1. Which club is the tournament held at? _____

2. Grand Slams are also called _____

3. Why did Wimbledon start later in 2017?

4. What can tennis fans do if they don't win a ticket in the public ballot but want to go and see a tennis match during the tournament?

5. Centre Court was first opened in:

- 1920
- 1922
- 1926
- 1927

6. What is unique about Centre Court compared to the other courts?

7. Who wins the sterling silver salver?

- Men's singles winner
- Ladies singles winner
- Boy's singles winner
- Mixed doubles winners

The Wimbledon Championships

Wimbledon is the world's oldest tennis tournament and is thought by many to be the most prestigious. Since 1877 it has been held at the All England Club in Wimbledon, London. It is one of the four Grand Slam tennis tournaments (majors), the others being the French Open, the Australian Open and the US Open. Wimbledon is the only major still played on traditional grass, the game's original surface, which gave the game its original name of 'lawn tennis'.



Events

The five main events are the gentlemen's singles, ladies' singles, gentlemen's doubles, ladies' doubles and mixed doubles.

There are also four junior events including the boys' and girls' singles and doubles matches.

In addition to this, there are invitation events where some former professionals return to compete. Wheelchair singles and doubles matches also take place.

Tickets

The majority of centre court tickets are made available by a public ballot where applicants are selected at random by a computer. Due to the popularity of the event, the public ballot has always been oversubscribed. Fans without tickets can queue up overnight to get seats on match day.

Schedule

In 2017, the championships began and ended in July, making the gap between the tournament and the French Open a little longer. Usually, there is no play on the 'Middle Sunday', however bad weather has sometimes forced play on this day. The middle Sunday is classed as a rest day for the players.

The Courts

The principal court, Centre Court, was opened in 1922. In 2009, a moving roof was added to this court which can be automatically closed.

The main courts, Centre Court and No. 1 Court, are generally only used for two weeks every year during the championships. The other 17 courts are used for other events hosted by the club.

The Wimbledon Championships

Trophies and Prize Money

The gentlemen's singles champion receives a silver gilt cup which bears the inscription: 'All England Lawn Tennis Club Single Handed Championship of the World.' The women's singles champion receives a sterling silver salver which is decorated with figures from mythology. The winners keep a smaller replica of their trophy.

The prize money for the winners runs into the millions!



A Few Famous Champions

Martina Navratilova won a record nine Wimbledon singles titles. She often commentates on the women's matches.

Serena Williams, and her sister Venus, have won Wimbledon several times. They have even competed against each other in the singles final. The sisters have also paired up and won the Wimbledon women's

doubles title on a number of occasions.

Pete Sampras won seven singles titles at Wimbledon, all between 1993 and 2000.

Roger Federer won Wimbledon five times in a row between 2003 and 2007, a period where he totally dominated grass court tennis.

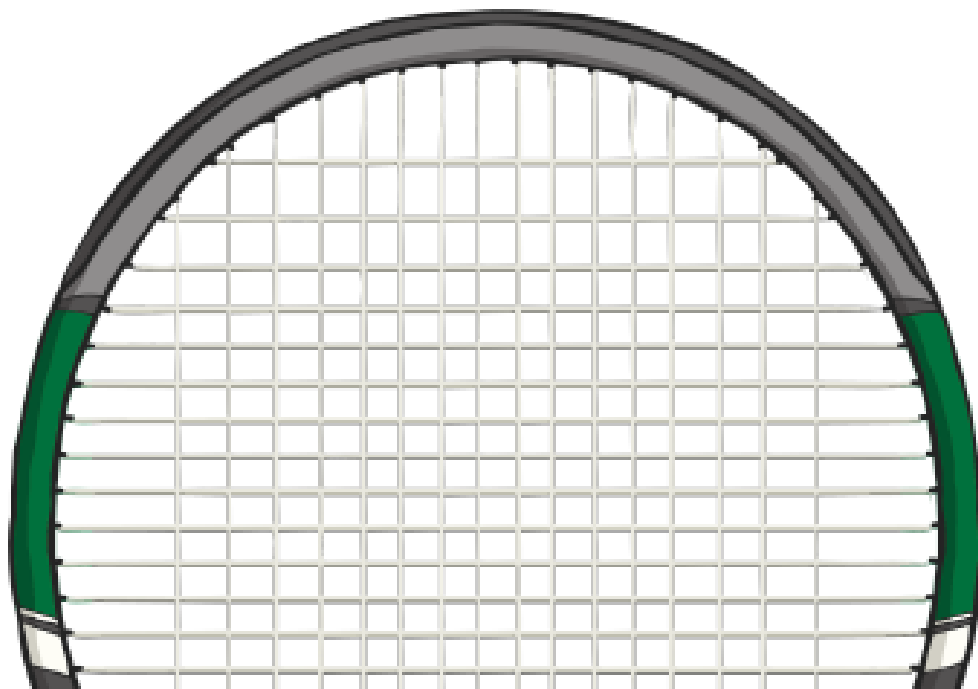
In 2013, Sir Andy Murray won the men's singles title. He was the first British singles winner since 1977 and the first male winner since 1936!



The Wimbledon Championships

Did You Know?

- Wimbledon's Centre Court seats 14,979 people.
- An average of 86,000 ice creams are sold during the championships and 28,000kg of strawberries are consumed.
- A hawk called Rufus flies around the grounds to deter local pigeons.
- The longest ever match played at Wimbledon lasted for over 11 hours!
- During the tournament, 40 miles of string is needed to restring rackets!
- Tennis players' clothing must be all-white, or at least almost all-white.
- Players must bow or curtsy if HRH The Prince of Wales or Her Majesty the Queen is present in the Royal Box at Centre Court.



Challenge 3 (page 4 of 5)

Wimbledon

1. List all four Grand Slam tennis tournaments.

2. Outline the main events at Wimbledon.

3. Why did Wimbledon start later in 2017?

4. What is special about 'Middle Sunday'?

5. How are the main show courts used differently to the other courts throughout the year?

6. The Williams sisters have played against each other in the Wimbledon women's singles final. How would you have felt if you had been playing against your brother or sister in the Wimbledon finals? If you don't have any brothers or sisters, imagine playing against your best friend.

7. Which year was the roof added onto Centre Court?

- 2006
 2007
 2008
 2009

Challenge 3 (page 5 of 5)

8. Why do you think the winners keep replicas and not the original trophies?

9. The hawk which flies around the grounds to scare away pigeons is called _____

10. What qualities do you think a person needs to become a Wimbledon champion? Explain your choices.

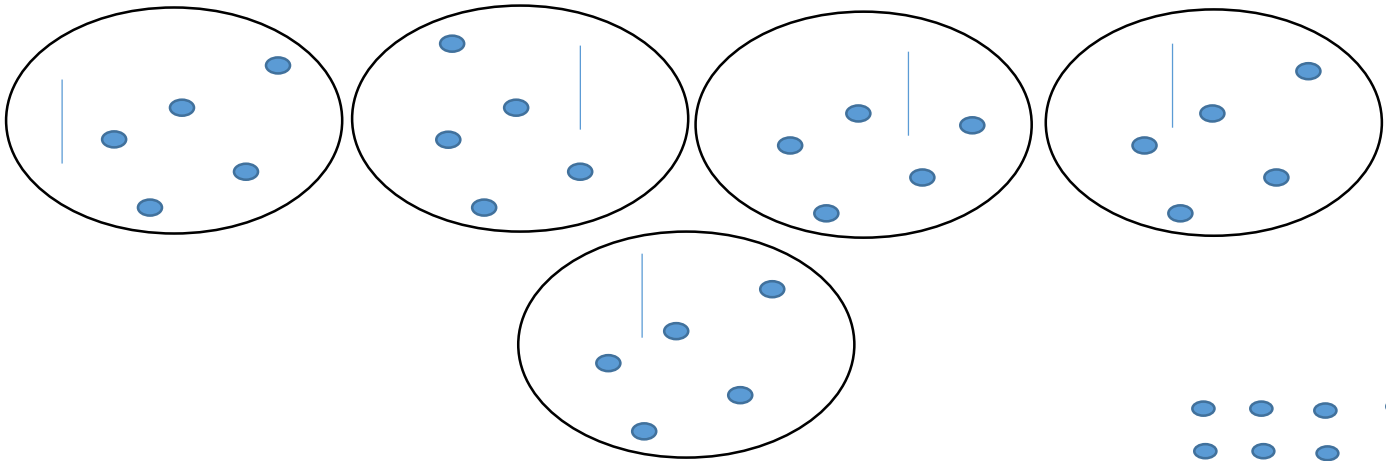
Extension activity

Find out who won the men's and ladies singles titles in 2010 and 2015. Which countries did they represent?

Challenge 1 Maths help

Remember how we share to divide

$$75 \div 5 = 15$$



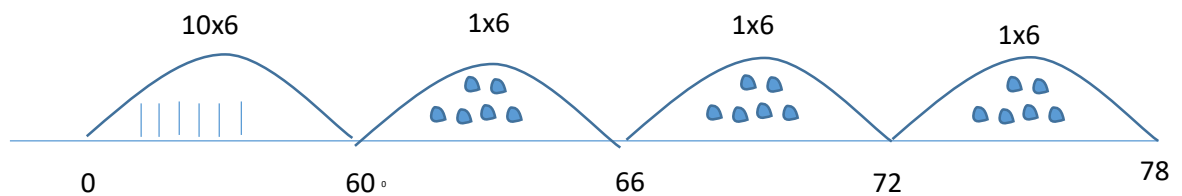
Share the tens first, if you have any tens over draw them as ones. E.g.



Challenge 2 and 3 help

$$78 \div 6 = 13$$

Number line



Remember draw what you have in each jump if you need to.

Challenge 1 Maths

$$48 \div 2 =$$

$$66 \div 3 =$$

$$80 \div 5 =$$

$$98 \div 2 =$$

$$45 \div 3 =$$

Task 2

True or false

$$48 \div 3 = 17$$

Explain your answer.

Challenge 2

$51 \div 3 =$

$64 \div 4 =$

$86 \div 2 =$

$96 \div 8 =$

$87 \div 3 =$

Task 2

True or false

$$168 \div 3 = 57$$

$$172 \div 4 = 43$$

Challenge 3

$176 \div 8 =$

$192 \div 6 =$

$323 \div 5 =$

$223 \div 3 =$

$328 \div 4 =$

$286 \div 9 =$

Challenge 3 task 2

Here are 3 divisions.

$$96 \div 8$$

$$96 \div 4$$

$$96 \div 2$$

a) What is the same about the questions? What is different?

b) Complete the divisions.

$$96 \div 8 = \square$$

$$96 \div 4 = \square$$

$$96 \div 2 = \square$$

c) What do you notice? Talk about it with a partner.

The Jewish festival of Passover (Pesach)

Jewish people celebrate the festival of Passover to remember how Moses helped the Israelites escape from slavery in Egypt.

At the beginning of Passover, Jews celebrate by sharing the Seder meal. Each of the special foods eaten represents an important part of the story.

Look at the labels for two of the foods on the Seder plate to see what they symbolise.

Think about a special time in your life. What foods remind you of that time?

Think of three special occasions and fill in the table.

Use the words below to help you describe the foods and how they help remind you of that special time.

- The taste – sour, sweet, salty, bitter
- The look – smooth, rough, crunchy
- The colour – bright, dark, red, green
- The type – meat, vegetables, fruit



Bitter herbs to remember the suffering when the Israelites were slaves.

A piece of vegetable dipped in salt water to remember tears that were shed.

Special time	What happened	How I was feeling	Food that would help me remember how I felt and why
Example A special family get-together with my grandparents.	We had a long walk and a meal afterwards. It was cold outside.	Very happy to be with my family; it was lovely to see my grandparents who live far away.	Baked potatoes - the skin was rough but the inside was hot and fluffy. It was nice to have something warm after our cold walk.